National Fire Plan

Department of the Interior and US Department of Agriculture www.fireplan.gov

FY 2003 Programs in Delaware

The USDA Forest Service (FS) and the Department of the Interior (DOI) agencies are in the third year of successful implementation of National Fire Plan (NFP) activities. The NFP was developed in August 2000, following a landmark wildland fire season, with the intent of actively responding

to severe wildland fires and their impacts to communities while assuring sufficient firefighting capacity for the future. The NFP addresses five key points: Firefighting, Rehabilitation, Hazardous Fuels Reduction, Community Assistance, and Accountability.

(dollars displayed in thousands)

USDA / DOI	Actual 2002	**Estimated 2003
Preparedness	0	
Operations		
Suppression*		
Hazardous Fuel	592	326
Rehabilitation	0	
Fire Facilities	115	
Research and Development	0	
Joint Fire Sciences	0	
Forest Health Management	0	
State Fire Assistance	0	234
Volunteer Fire Assistance /Rural Fire Assistance	26	26
Economic Action Program	100	106
TOTAL	833	692

^{*} Suppression costs for Delaware totaled \$48,000 for 2002.

Rehabilitation

- o Rehabilitation consists of 1) immediate actions to reduce threats to public safety, property and natural and cultural resources, and 2) long-term actions to help restore healthy ecosystems and replace infrastructure damaged by fire.
- DOI funding will cover ecological stabilization, reforestation (seeding, cultural protection invasive species, contour tree felling, monitoring).
- USDA Forest Service funding will be used to improve overall watershed condition and restore severely burned forests and rangelands. Projects include reforestation, watershed restoration, road and trail rehabilitation, fish and wildlife habitat restoration, planting and seeding and preventing invasive plants.

Hazardous Fuels Reduction

- o Approximately 6,800 acres are planned for hazardous fuels treatment by federal agencies; an estimated 6,300 acres will be treated in the wildland urban interface.
- An estimated \$326,000 will be spent on hazardous fuels treatment work.

Community Assistance

States are focusing funding on increasing wildland fire response capacity by enhancing their level of fire preparedness, training wildland firefighters, purchasing personal protective equipment, conducting fire education and prevention activities including Firewise projects, implementing hazard mitigation projects addressing fuel reduction and installation of dry hydrants, and fire planning projects assessing communities at risk.

- State Fire Assistance (FS): Estimated funding \$234,000
- o Rural Fire Assistance Program (DOI): Estimated funding \$26,000

^{**} Actual funding will be displayed in the 2003 Annual Performance Report.

Accountability

- O DOI and Forest Service developed a uniform set of performance measures to assess program effectiveness for FY 2003 and FY 2004 program measurement.
- O DOI and USDA Forest Service, with input from the National Association of State Foresters, developed action plans for nearly all of the 23 tasks in the Implementation Plan for the 10-Year Comprehensive Strategy. The State Foresters and their partners are continuing to develop field guidance for fuels reduction projects.
- o DOI and USDA Forest Service developed the National Fire Plan Operations and Reporting System (NFPORS), a common data collection and reporting system for gathering project plans and accomplishments.

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